

EUROCLASSICA

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Latin Level 1/Vestibulum

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DE IASONE ET MEDEA (*Adaptation from Cultura Clásica ed.Editex:*)

This story tells what happens when love is faced with social prejudices and revenge.

Pripovijest govori o tome što se događa kada se ljubav suoči s društvenim predrasudama i osvetom.

1 Medea ex Iasone duos filios procreavit; summa concordia Corinthi vitam agebant. Multi tamen in
2 urbe Medeam non amabant, quod **venefica** erat. Iasoni **Creon**, Corinthius rex **Creusam**, filiam suam
3 minorem, uxorem dedit et **exsiliū** Medeae **decrevit**. Ea, **postquam** tantam **contumeliam** vidiit,
4 coronam venenatam auream fecit, Creusaeque donum dedit. Accepit **laeta** coronam manibus
5 Creusa et subito **ardere coepit**. Tunc Medea **natos** suos interfecit et Corintho Athenas venit.

WORDS NOT INCLUDED IN EC-WORDLIST 1

RIJEČI KOJE NISU UKLJUČENE U EC POPIS RIJEČI 1

procreo, -as, -are	to give birth to	rodit
concordia, -ae,	harmony, peace	sloga
venefica, -ae, f.	witch, sorcerer, magician	čarobnica, vještica
minor, minor, minus	younger	mlađi
exsiliū, -i, n.	exil, banishment	progonstvo
decerno,-is,-ere,-crevi,-cretum	to decide, to order	odlučiti, odrediti, narediti
postquam	after	nakon što
contumelia, -ae, f.	offense, contempt	uvreda
corona, -ae f.	corona	kruna
venenatus, -a, -um	poisoned	otrovan
aureus, -a, -um	golden	zlatan
laetus, -a, -um	glad	radostan, zadovoljan
ardeo, -es, -ere	to burn, to get burnt	gorjeti, izgorjeti
coepi, -isti, -isse	to start	početi
tantus,-a, um	such, so big	toliki
tunc (adv.)	then	tada
natus, -i, m.	son, child	sin, dijete
Medea, -ae	Medea	Medeja
Iason, -onis	Jason	Jazon
Corinthus, -i f.	Corinth, a city	Korint (grad)

Creon, -ontis	Creon	Kreont
Creusa, -ae	Creusa	Kreusa

QUESTIONS (ONE OR SEVERAL ANSWERS NEEDED, IF MARKED)

PITANJA (MOŽE BITI ISPRAVNO VIŠE ODGOVORA)

A. COMPREHENSION

A. RAZUMIJEVANJE

1. Who gave birth to two children of Iason?

1. Tko je rodio Jazonovu djecu?

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------|
| a. Medea | Medeja |
| b. Creusa | Kreusa |
| c. Corinth | Korint |
| d. Creusa's daughter | Kreuzina kći |

2. How was Jason's and Medea's family life?

2. Kakav je bio Jazonov i Medejin obiteljski život?

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------|
| a. very peaceful | vrlo miran |
| b. peaceful | miran |
| c. not peaceful at all | nimalo miran |
| d. quite peaceful | poprilično miran |

3. How did Creusa accept the crown Medea offered her as a gift ?

3. Kako je Kreuza primila krunu koju joj je Medeja dala na poklon?

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| a. she was disappointed | bila je razočarana |
| b. she felt glad | bila je zadovoljna |
| c. she was very sad | bila je veoma tužna |
| d. with absolute indifference | potpuno ravnodušno |

4. Who was Creon?

4. Tko je bio Creont?

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------|
| a. the king of Corinth | kralj Korinta |
| b. Creusa's brother | Kreuzin brat |
| c. Jason's father | Jazonov otac |
| d. Creusa's son | Kreuzin sin |

5. Who was Creusa?

5. Tko je bila Kreuza?

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| a. Jason's daughter | Jazonova kći |
| b. Medea's daughter | Medejina kći |
| c. Creon's younger daughter | Kreontova mlađa kći |
| d. Creon's elder daughter | Kreontova starija kći |

6. How does Creon react once Medea is blamed by the people?

6. Kako je Kreont reagirao kad su ljudi optužili Medeju?

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| a. He supports her | podržao ju je |
| b. No reaction | nije reagirao nikako |

- c. He sends her to exile poslao ju je u progonstvo
- d. He promises her a new life obećao joj je nov život

7. What happens when Creusa takes the crown offered to her as a gift from Medea?

7. Što se dogodilo kad je Kreuza primila od Medeje krunu na poklon?

- a. She looks in the mirror pogledala je u ogledalo
- b. She gets burnt izgorjela je
- c. She rejects it odbila ju je

8. Which was Medea's main activity?

8. Čime se Medeja bavila u svom životu?

- a. She was a witch or a sorcerer bila je vještica, odnosno čarobnica
- b. She was a kind of singer of tales bila je pjevačica pripovijesti
- c. She was a famous actress in Greece bila je poznata glumica u Grčkoj

9. Why does Medea kill her children?

9. Zašto je Medeja ubila svoju djecu?

- a. As a revenge against Jason da bi se osvetila Jazonu
- b. Because she hated them zato što ih je mrzila
- c. Because they did not love her zato što je ona nisu voljela

10. What does the story tell?

10. Koja je pouka pripovijesti?

- a. a seriously blamed woman can show a violent reaction žena koja je jako povrijeđena može postati nasilna
- b. Love lasts for ever ljubav je vječna
- c. A woman from abroad can hardly become a queen in Ancient Greece žena strankinja teško je mogla postati kraljica u antičkoj Grčkoj
- d. Love does not face social barriers ljubav ne poznaje društvene barijere

B. GRAMMAR

B. GRAMATIKA

11. Identify all verbs of the following sentence. (2 answers needed)

11. Identificiraj sve glagole u sljedećoj rečenici. (2 točna odgovora)

Medea natos suos interfecit et Corintho Athenas venit.

- a. Medea
- b. et
- c. Corintho
- d. suos
- e. interfecit
- f. natos
- g. Athenas
- h. venit

12. Which sentence is the correct plural form of the following sentence?

12. Koja je rečenica ispravni množinski oblik sljedeće rečenice?

Ea coronam auream dedit.

- a. Ea coronas aureas dedit.
- b. Ea coronarum aurearum dedit.
- c. Ei coronas aureas dederunt.
- d. Eae coronas aureas dederunt.

13. Which tense is the verb **agebant?**

13. U kojem je vremenu glagolski oblik **agebant?**

- | | |
|--------------|-----------|
| a. Imperfect | imperfekt |
| b. Future | futur |
| c. Perfect | perfekt |
| d. Present | prezent |

14. Identify the subject of this sentence.

14. Identificiraj subjekt ove rečenice.

Medea ex Iasone duos filios procreavit.

- a. ex
- b. Medea
- c. filios
- d. procreavit
- e. Iasone
- f. duos

15. Which case is the word **concordia? (line 1)**

15. U kojem je padežu riječ **concordia? (redak 1)**

- a. Abl. Sg.
- b. Dat. Sg.
- c. Nom. Sg.
- d. Nom. Pl.

16. Which person has the verb **vidit? (line 3)**

16. U kojem je licu i broju glagol **vidit? (redak 3)**

- a. 3.P.Pl.
- b. 1.P.Pl.
- c. 2.P.Sg.
- d. 3.P.Sg.

17. Venit **Corintho (line / redak 5)**

- | | |
|------------------|---------------|
| a. up to Corinth | prema Korintu |
| b. for Corinth | za Korint |
| c. to Corinth | u Korint |
| d. from Corinth | iz Korinta |

18. Femina **venefica erat**

- | | |
|------------|---------|
| a. is | je |
| b. was | je bila |
| c. will be | će biti |

19. ardere **coepit**

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| a. started burning | počela je gorjeti |
| b. touched the fire | dotaknula je plamen |
| c. took a torch | uzela je baklju |

20. Medea natos suos _____. (line / redak 5)

- a. interficiunt
- b. interfacit
- c. interficiet
- d. interfecit

21. What is the Latin word for “gift”?

21. Koja je latinska riječ za "poklon"?

- a. donum
- b. manus
- c. summa
- d. concordia

C. GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

C. OPĆE ZNANJE

22. What is **urbs?**

22. Što je **urbs?**

- | | |
|-----------|----------|
| a. people | narod |
| b. town | grad |
| c. queen | kraljica |
| d. sky | nebo |

23. What do you call “fear of closed areas”?

23. Kako se naziva strah od zatvorenih prostora?

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------|
| a. Agoraphobia | Agorafobija |
| b. Claustrophobia | Klaustrofobija |
| c. Xenophobia | Ksenofobija |
| d. Claustrophilia | Klaustrofilija |

24. The so called *triclinium* in a Roman house was....

24. *Triclinium* je u rimskoj kući bio.....

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------|
| a. the dining room | blagovaonica |
| b. the kitchen | kuhinja |
| c. the bathroom | kupaonica |
| d. the garden | vrt |

25. When was Rome founded?

25. Kad je utemeljen Rim?

- | | |
|------------------|------------|
| a. 333 B.C | 333 pr.Kr. |
| b. 735 B.C | 735 pr.Kr. |
| c. 753 B.C | 753 pr.Kr. |
| d. in the year 0 | 0. godine |

26. Who was the first king of Rome?

26. Tko je bio prvi rimski kralj?

- | | |
|------------------|--------------|
| a. Iulius Caesar | Julije Cezar |
| b. Pompeius | Pompej |

- c. Romulus
- d. Remus

Romul
Rem

27. How did Julius Caesar die?

27. Kako je Julije Cezar umro?

- a. He was killed by his soldiers
- b. He was murdered by his wife
- c. He was murdered by several members of senatus
- d. He committed suicide

ubili su ga vlastiti vojnici
ubila ga je vlastita žena
ubilo ga je nekoliko članova senata
počinio je samoubojstvo

28. What does deficit mean?

28. Što znači tuđica iz latinskoga deficit?

- a. a lack of something
- b. a handicapped person
- c. free
- d. may you rest in peace

nedostatak nečega
hendikepirana osoba
besplatan
počivaj u miru

29. What does cave canem mean?

29. Što znači latinska fraza cave canem?

- a. I have a dog
- b. the dog's house
- c. mind the dog!

imam psa
pseća kućica
čuvaj se psa!

30. What does post mortem mean?

30. Što znači post mortem?

- a. I am going to die
- b. I am afraid of death
- c. after death
- d. because of death

umrijet ću
bojim se smrti
poslije smrti
zbog smrti

31. What does curriculum vitae mean literally?

31. Što znači curriculum vitae?

- a. the chariot of life
- b. the chariots of fire
- c. career or course of one's life
- d. the common life

kočija života
vatrene kočije
karijera ili tijek nečijeg života
običan život

32. What were the Thermae?

32. Što su bile terme?

- a. a place to take a bath and relax
- b. a fighting arena for gladiators
- c. a bullfighting arena

mjesto za kupanje i opuštanje
borilačka arena za gladiatore
arena za borbe s bikovima

33. What are the attributes of the god Apollo?

33. Koji su simboli boga Apolona?

- a. a laurel crown and a lyre
- b. a deer
- c. grapes
- d. a golden bough

lovorova kruna i lira
srna
grozd
zlatna grana

34. What is the attribute of Neptune?

34. Koji je simbol boga Neptuna?

- | | |
|-----------------|------------|
| a. the trident | trozub |
| b. the bow | lûk |
| c. the rainbow | dûga |
| d. a golden bow | zlatni luk |

35. Where would you go to watch a gladiators' fight in ancient Rome?

35. Gdje se u Rimu išlo gledati gladijatorske borbe?

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------|
| a. to the theater | u teatar |
| b. to the amphitheatre | u amfiteatar |
| c. to the circus | u cirk |

36. What is the Latin name for the Greek goddess Hera?

36. Koje je latinsko ime za grčku božicu Heru?

- a. Diana
- b. Venus
- c. Ceres
- d. Iuno

37. What was the "Colosseum"?

37. Što je bio Kolosej?

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| a. a big white marble statue | veliki bijeli mramorni kip |
| b. a building for gladiators' fights | građevina za gladijatorske borbe |
| c. a very important emperor | vrlo važan car |
| d. a very big temple | vrlo veliki hram |

38. What was the Roman name for the Greek god Hephaestus?

38. Koje je rimske ime za grčkog boga Hefesta?

- a. Vulcanus
- b. Mars
- c. Mercurius
- d. Iuppiter

39. Which Roman god was in charge of promoting success in commerce and business?

39. Koji je rimski bog bio zadužen za uspjeh u trgovini i poslovanju?

- a. Mars
- b. Mercurius
- c. Vulcanus
- d. Artemisia

40. Which Roman god was supposed to be the most important and powerful?

40. Koji je rimski bog bio, prema vjerovanju, najvažniji i najmoćniji?

- a. Zeus
- b. Hades
- c. Iuppiter
- d. Hephaestus