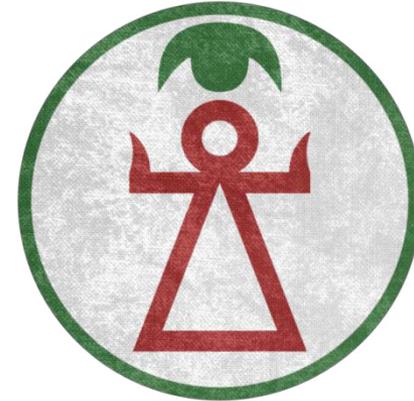


Hanibal

Antonio Barišić 2.d

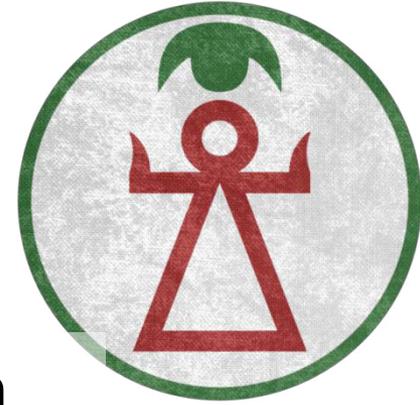




- Rođen 247./246. g. pr. Kr.
- Hanibal = dar Baalov ili milost Baalova (pun.)
- Sin Hamilkara Barce
- Braća Hazdrubal i Mago
- Prijatelj, vojni savjetnik i vođa konjice Maharbal



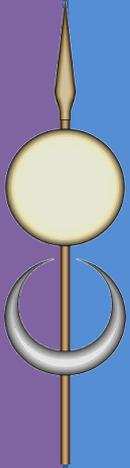
Očevo nasljedstvo



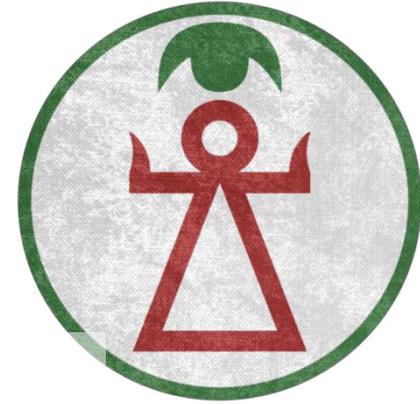
- Hamilkar Barka – jedan od najvažnijih kartažanskih vođa 1. punskog rata
- 247. – 241. g. pr. Kr. ratuje s Rimljanima na Siciliji
- Kartaga gubi 1. Punski rat
- Zakleo se da će biti vječni neprijatelj Rima i pokušati ga uništiti
- Nakon rata nastoji proširiti utjecaj Kartage u Hispaniji



Nr. 3288. Hamilkar Barkas
(gest. 228 v. Chr.).



Vojnička karijera



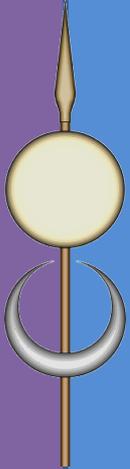
- Kao mladić se počeo boriti s ocem protiv hispanskih plemena
- Hamilkar umire 228. g. pr. Kr.



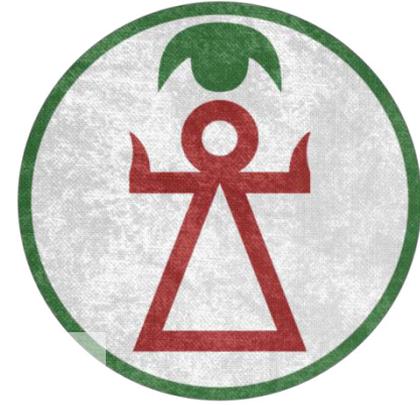
Početak 2. Panskog rata



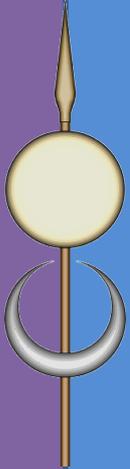
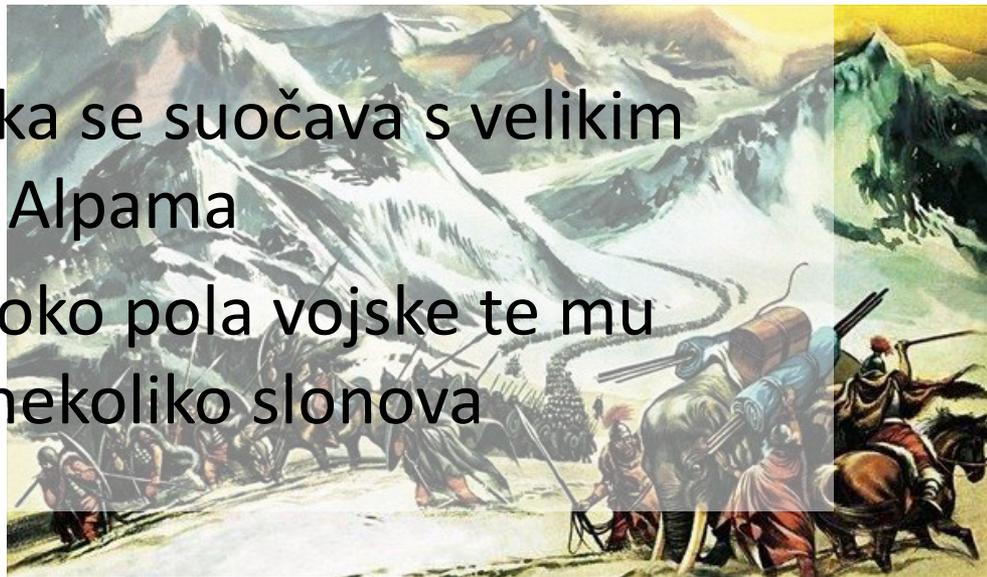
- Hanibal napada Sagunt, saveznika Rima 219. g. pr. Kr.
- Rimljani mu daju ultimatum da povuče svoje snage, no on prelazi rijeku Ebro čime objavljuje rat Rimu
- Ratuje do sjevera Hispanije i ostavlja nekolicinu Iberijskih vojnika kao obranu
- U rujnu 218. g. pr. Kr. Dolazi do Rhone sa oko 50000 vojnika i 37 ratnih slonova



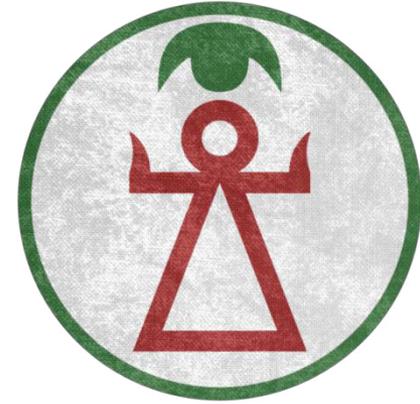
Prolazak kroz Alpe



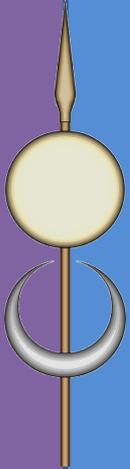
- Rimljani su se spremali za okršaj kod današnjeg Marseillesa, ali su potpuno zatečeni Hanibalovim postupkom
- Publije Kornelije Scipion okuplja vojsku u Italiji
- Kartaška vojska se suočava s velikim gubitcima na Alpama
- Hanibal gubi oko pola vojske te mu ostaje samo nekoliko slonova



Bitka kod Ticina



- Hanibal zauzima Taurini (Torino) da osigura pozadinu za bitku
- Pobjeđuje rimske snage nadmoćnijom konjicom
- Scipion je ozlijeđen, ali uspijeva pobjeći
- Kelti (Gali) na sjeveru se pridružuju

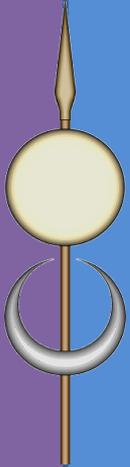




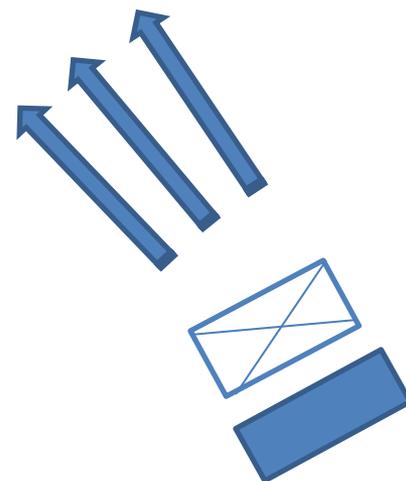
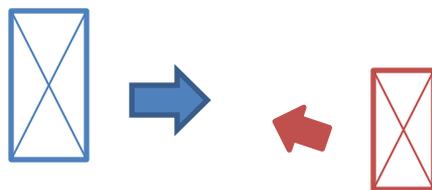
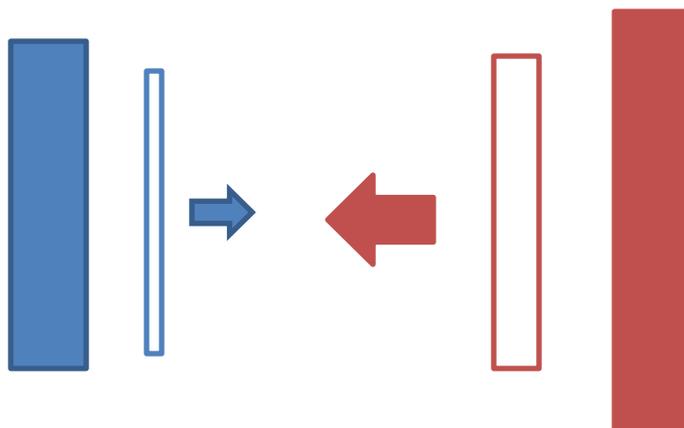
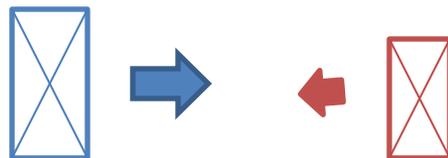
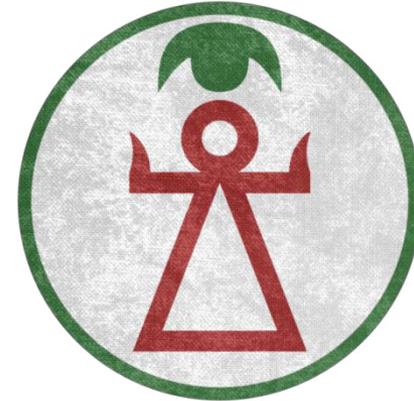
Bitka na rijeci Trebiji

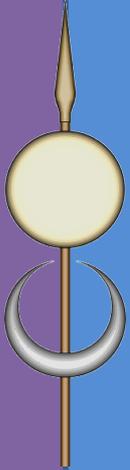


- Konzul Sempronije Long dolazi sa Sicilije u pomoć Scipionu
- Nestrpljiv je i želi uzeti slavu prije nego se Scipion oporavi
- Rimska vojska – 36000 pješaka i 7000 konjice
- Kartažanska vojska – 22000 pješaka (1000 skrivenih) i 11000 vojnika (1000 skrivenih)

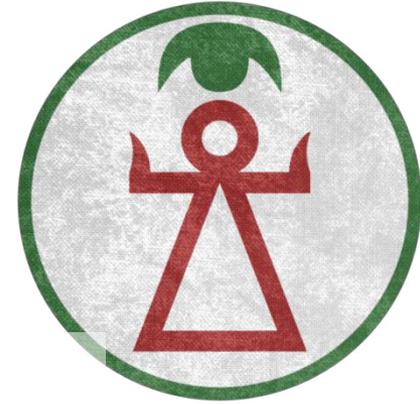


Bitka na rijeci Trebiji





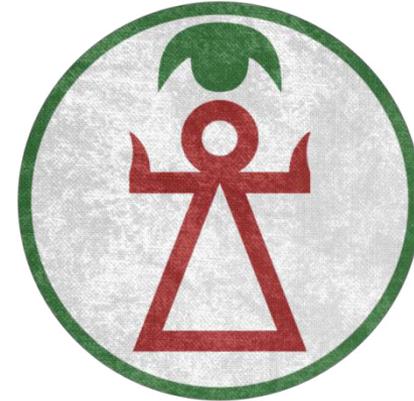
Posljedice



- Ubijena trećina rimskih snaga
- Izabrani novi konzuli Gnej Servilije i Gaj Flaminije
- Sprema se nova vojska za obranu koja se sjedinjuje s preživjelim u Aretiumu



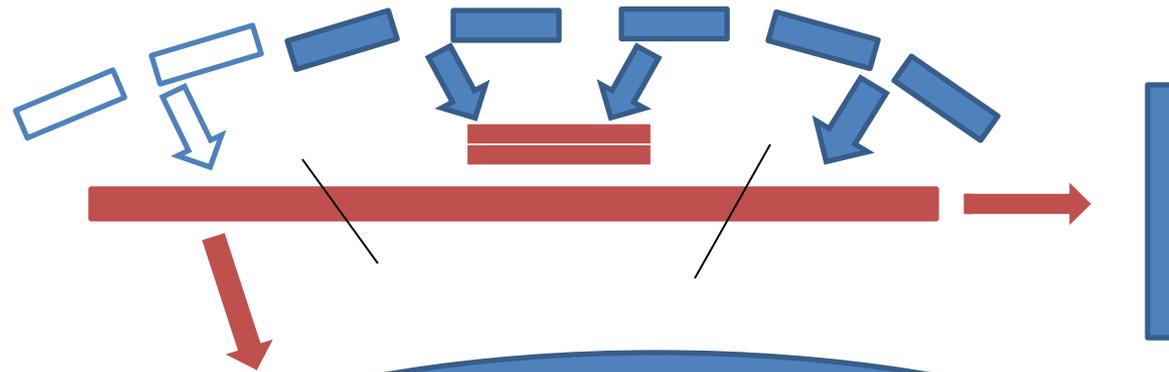
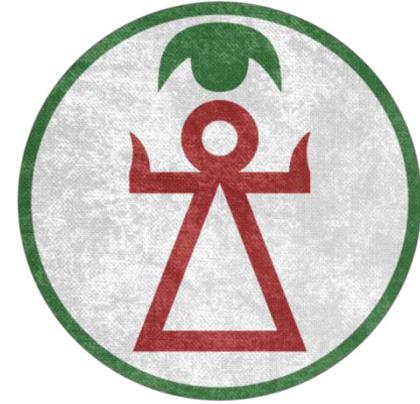
Bitka kod Trazimenskog jezera

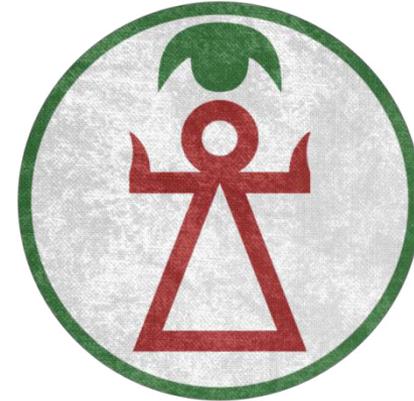


- Sljedeće godine kartažanska vojska pustoši polja oko Aretiuma
- Pošto nema reakcije od rimske vojske, Hanibal zaobilazi Aretium i počinje marširati prema Rimu
- Zbog pritiska Flaminije tjera vojsku u nemilosrdan marš i ne čeka Servilijeva pojačanja
- Hanibal ih ubrzo uočava i priprema zasjedu



Bitka kod Trazimenskog jezera





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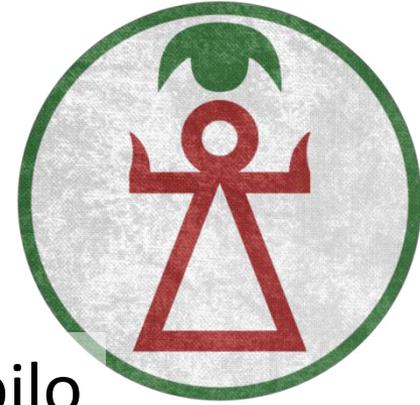


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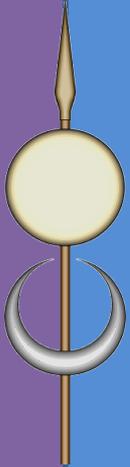
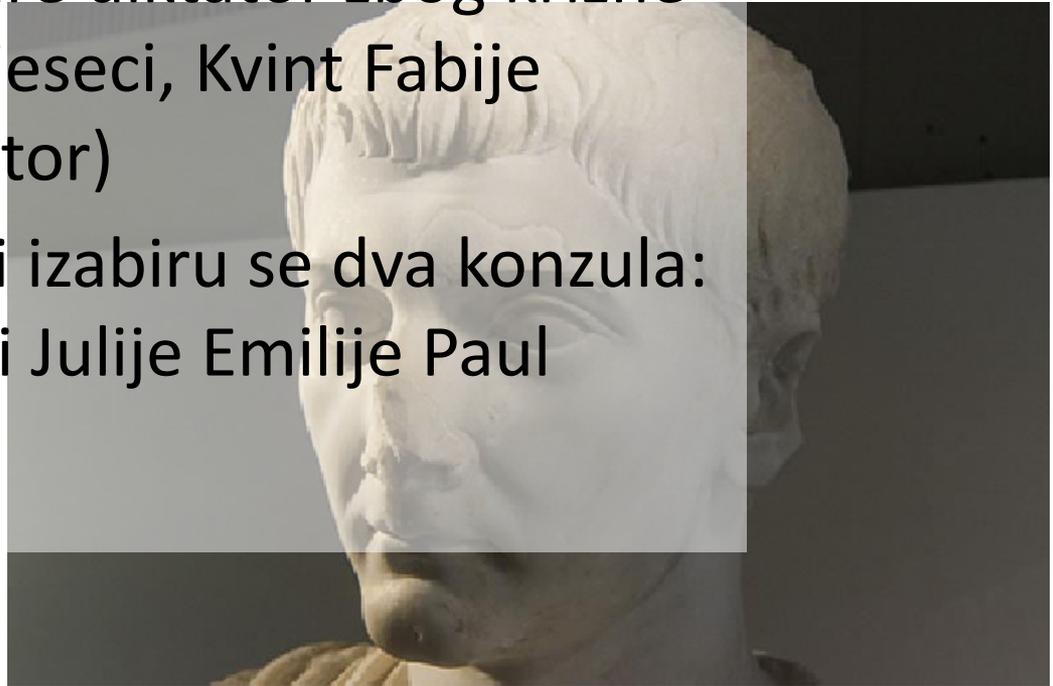
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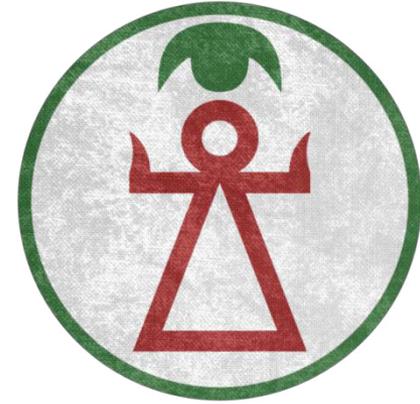
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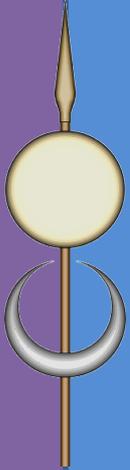
- Oko 18 000 vojnika ubijeno ili se utopilo zajedno s Flaminijem
- 1 500 gubitaka na Hanibalovoj strani
- U Rimu se odabire diktator zbog krizne situacije na 6 mjeseci, Kvint Fabije Maksim (Kunktator)
- Nakon 6 mjeseci izabiru se dva konzula: Terencije Varon i Julije Emilije Paul

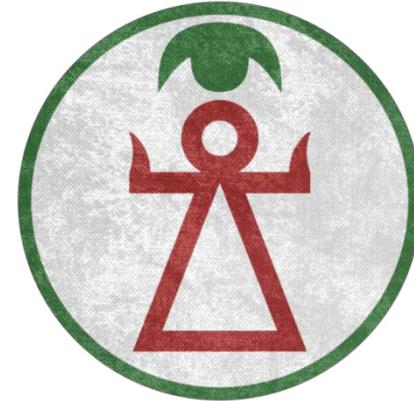


Bitka kod Kane



- Novoizabrani konzuli su nestrpljivi i odlučuju poraziti Hanibalovu vojsku koja pustoši južnu Italiju
- Žele povratiti skladišta oružja kod Kane koje su Kartažani nedavno zauzeli
- Varon trećega dana nakon dolaska napada Hanibalovu vojsku s 86 400 ljudi
- Kartažanska vojska je brojčano daleko slabija s oko 56 000 vojnika

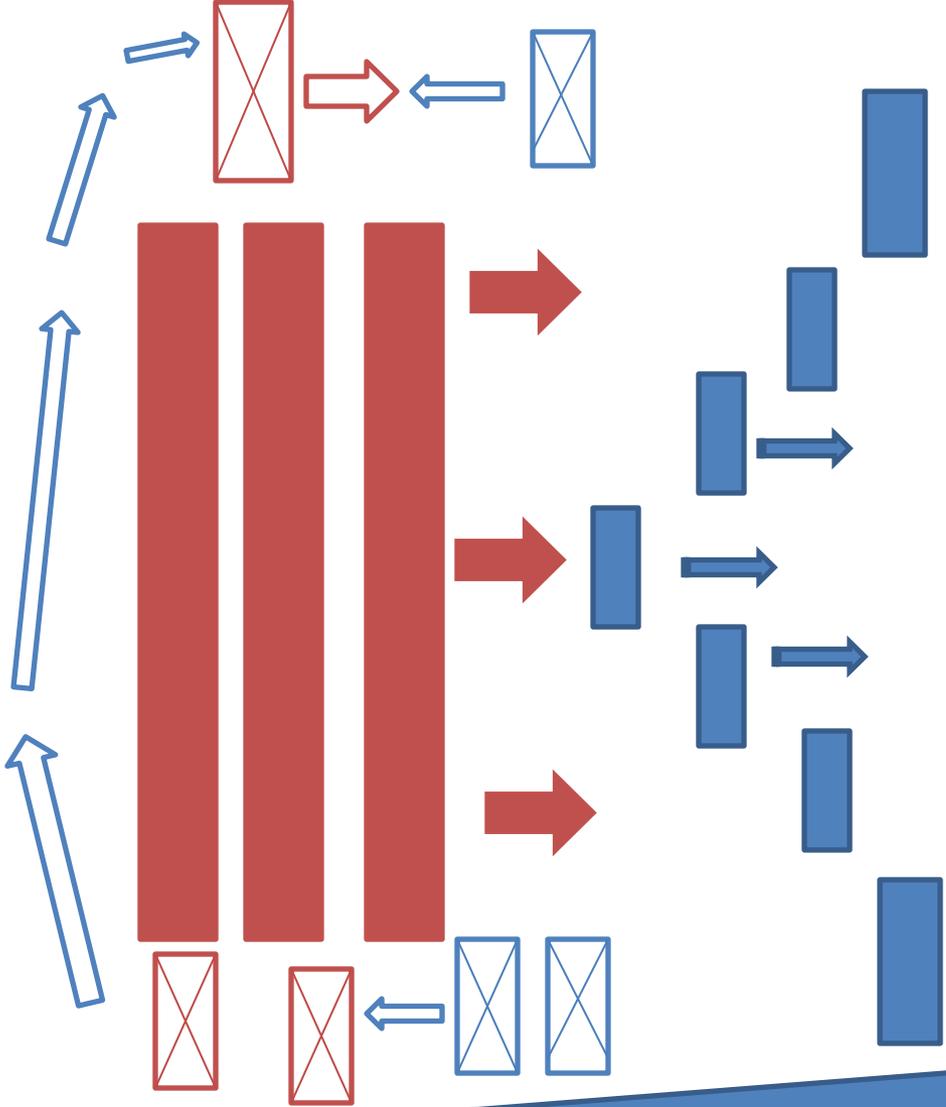
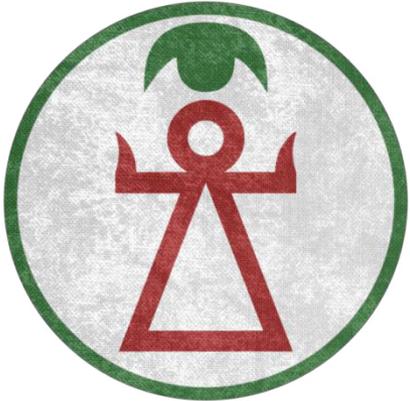




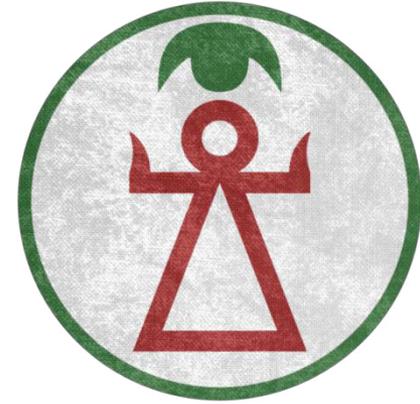
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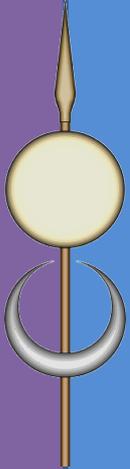
Bitka kod Kane

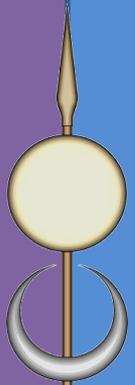
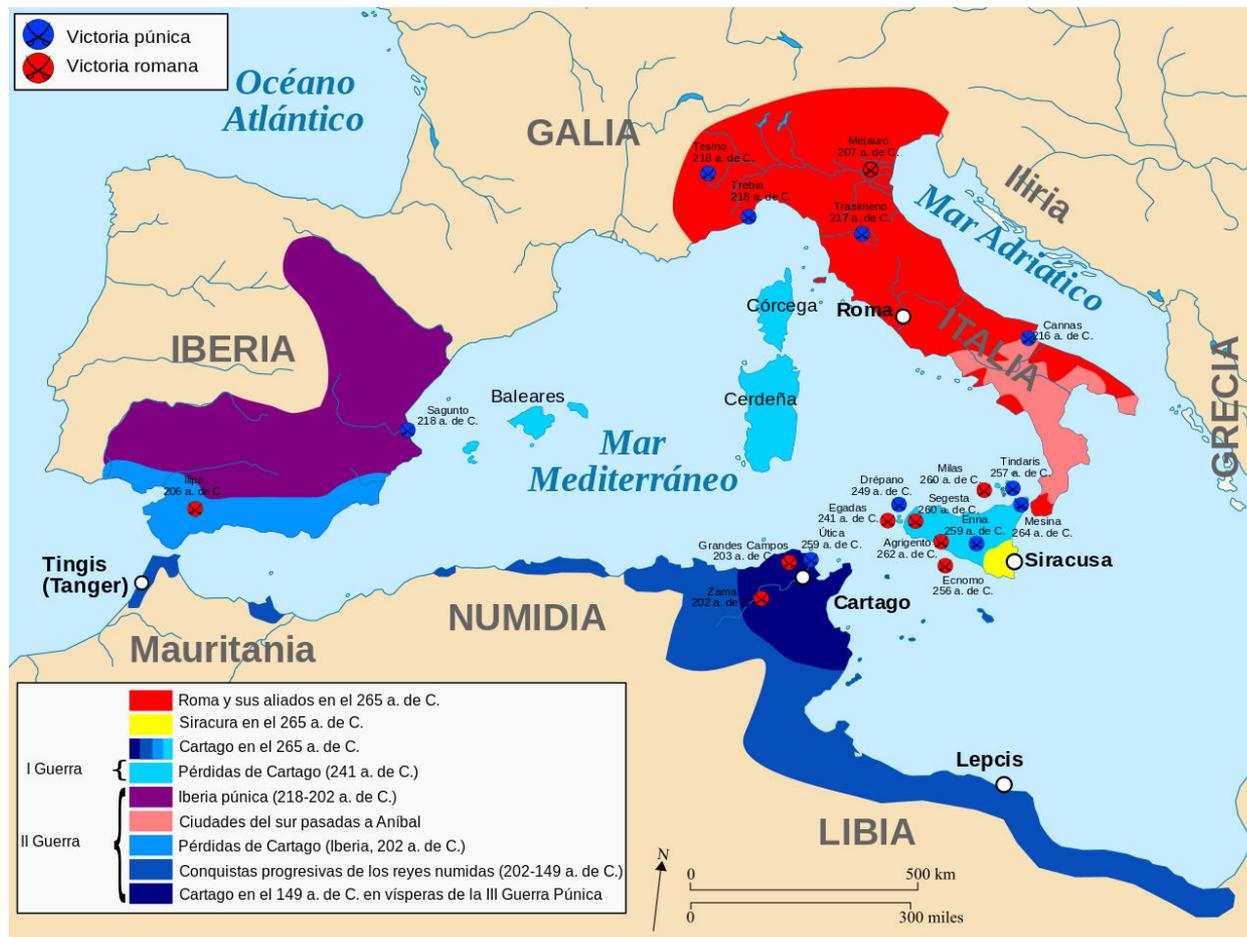
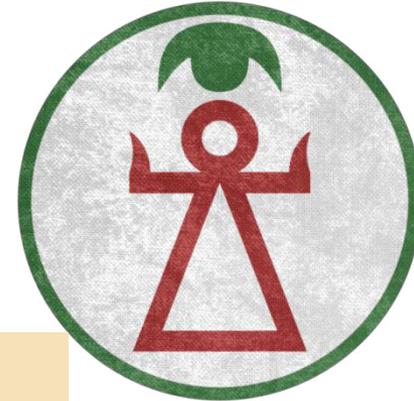


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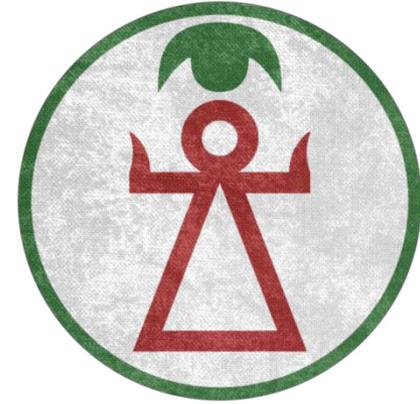


- Samo 14 000 preživjelih
- Ubijen konzul Paul, 2 kvestora, 29 vojnih tribuna i 80 senatora
- Hanibalova vojska pretrpila je 8 000 gubitaka
- Pobuna Grka u južnoj Italiji i u Sirakuzi protiv Rimljana
- Makedonski kralj Filip IV. odlučuje pomoći Hanibalu

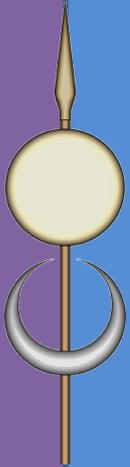
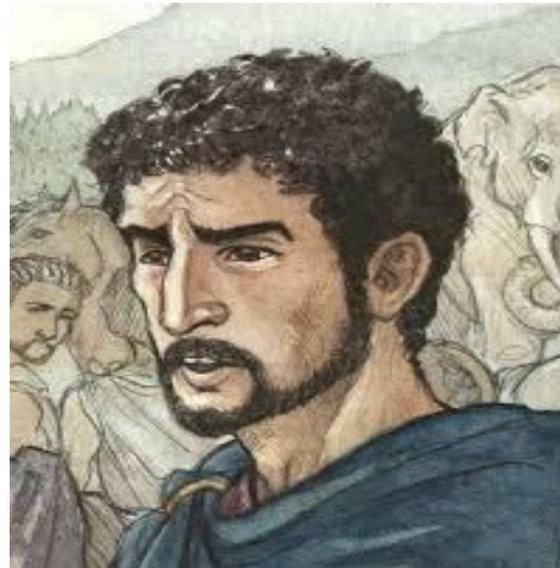




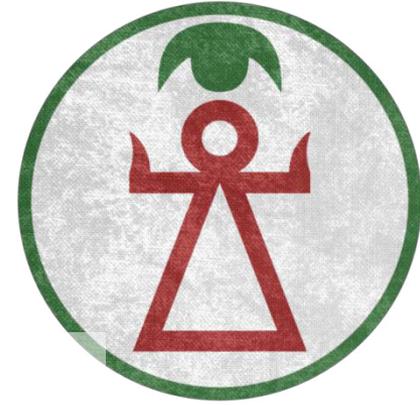
Politika iscrpljivanja



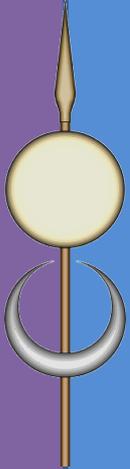
- Hanibal iz neobjašnjivih razloga ne kreće na Rim
- Čeka pojačanja iz Kartage koja ne stižu
- Pokušava iscrpiti Rimljane osvajanjem gradova u južnoj Italiji i poticanjem pobuna

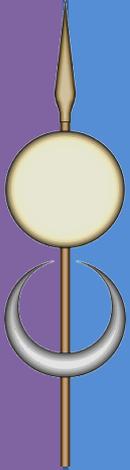
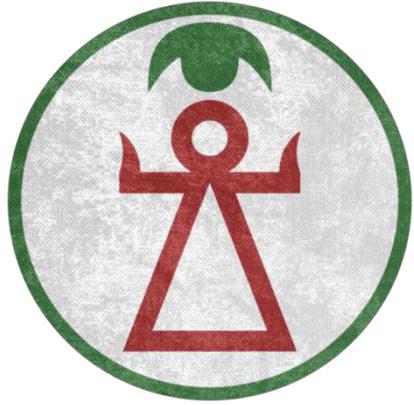
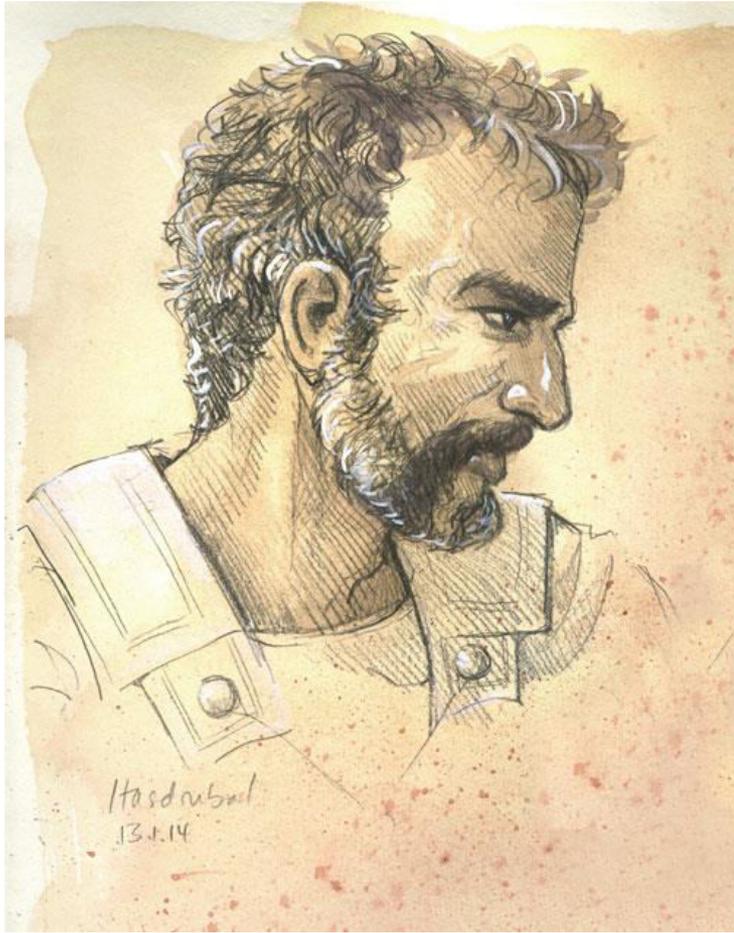


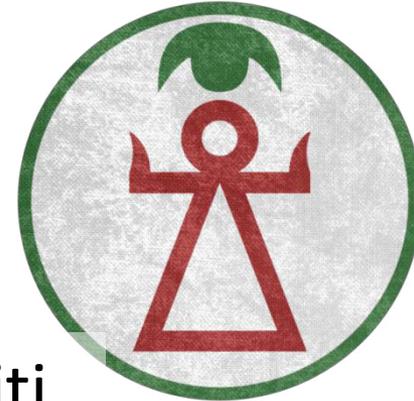
Početak kraja



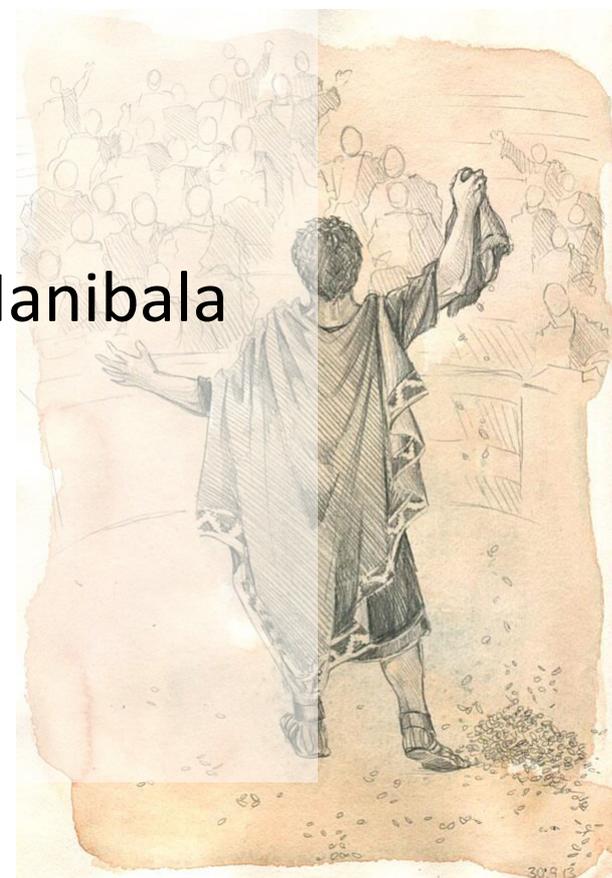
- Brat Hazdrubal dolazi Hanibalu u pomoć iz Hispanije
- 207. g. pr. Kr. Rimljani uništavaju Hazdrubalovu vojsku na Metauru i ubijaju ga
- Kao poruku Hanibalu bacaju Hazdrubalovu odrubljenu glavu u kartaški logor



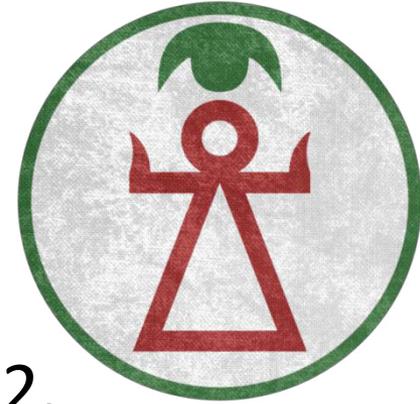




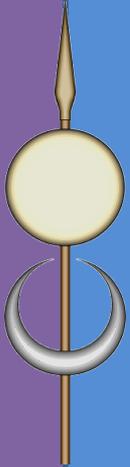
- Hanibalov drugi brat pokušao je izvršiti napad na Liguriju, neuspješno
- Od dobivenih rana umire na Sredozemnom moru
- Scipion dolazi na afričko tlo i Hanibala zovu da spasi Kartagu



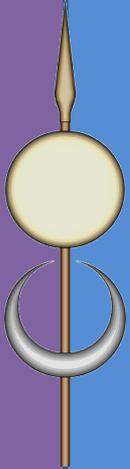
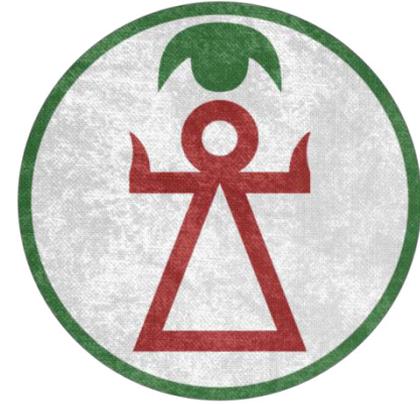
Bitka kod Zame



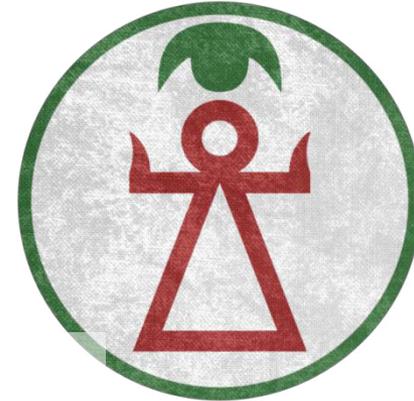
- 202. g. pr. Kr. odvila se zadnja bitka u 2. Punskom ratu, kod Zame jugozapadno od Kartage
- Prvi put s brojčano nadmoćnijom vojskom i bojnim slonovima Hanibal odlučuje napasti
- Scipion ga nadmudruje i pobjeđuje
- Kartaga sklapa mir po poražavajućim uvjetima



Rezultat mira



Progonstvo i smrt



- Nakon poraza Hanibal je dobrovoljno napustio Kartagu
- Utočište pronalazi kod Antioha III. od Sirije gdje potiče koaliciju helenističkih država protiv Rima
- Rimljani Antioha poražavaju 188. g. pr. Kr. te on mora predati sve neprijatelje Rima
- Hanibal bježi u Bitniju gdje se ubrzo otrovao jer ga je kralj Pruzije namjeravao predati Rimu (183., 182. ili 181. g. pr. Kr.)

